**SAMPLE**

**History Fair Bibliography**

**Secondary Sources**

"The 7 Most Infamous U.S. Public Housing Projects | News One." *Breaking News for Black America | News One*. Web. 02 Dec. 2012.

 <http://newsone.com/newsone-original/jothomas/most-infamous-public-housing-projects>

**Information:** The website shows the seven largest and most dangerous housing projects currently in the United States. During the Great Migration, housing projects were built in the north to house the waves of thousands of new people moving into urban areas.

**How Source Helped:** The sight provides insight to show how many housing projects from the 50s and 60s remain today. It also shows the lasting impact on the Great Migration on the layout of cities today. This information provided me with a view of how the main change that the Great Migration affected was houses.

"Biography Search Display." *Detroit African American History Project*. Web. 02 Dec. 2012. <http://www.daahp.wayne.edu/biographiesDisplay.php?id=57>

**Information:** The information provided an in depth view of how Detroit was affected by the Great Migration, and the reason so many people migrated toward the city. The site explains that the Ford Auto Industry sent recruits to the south to bring African Americans to the factories to work. The article also talked about housing projects and the demographics of the people who migrated to the city.

**How the Sources Helped:** With five key cities affected by the Great Migration, this site solely focused on Detroit. This gave an in depth view on the causes and effects of the Great Migration on the city.

"Motown Historical Museum - Detroit." *Motown Museum*. Web. 02 Dec. 2012.

<http://www.motownmuseum.com/mtmpages/perform.html>

**Information:** This article provided information on the beginning of Motown, a new cultural and musical sound that formed during as a product of the Great Migration. Started by Barry Gordy, the company started and recruited many members from Detroit.

**How the Sources Helped:** This source showed the cultural development and change that took place because of the Great Migration. Motown, a new genre and company, produced many of the greatest artists during the time period.

"A Brief History of Motown - TIME." *Breaking News, Analysis, Politics, Blogs, News Photos, Video, Tech Reviews - TIME.com*. Web. 02 Dec. 2012. [http://www.time.com/time/arts/article/0,8599,1870975,00.html](http://www.time.com/time/arts/article/0%2C8599%2C1870975%2C00.html)

**Information:** The article highlighted key artists that emerged from Motown, and their effects on music. It includes information on Martha and the Vandellas, Smokey Robinson and the Miracles, The Temptations, The Four Tops, Diana Ross and the Supremes, Gladys Knight and the Pips, The Jackson 5, Stevie Wonder, Marvin Gaye.

**How this Source Helped:** The other Motown source discussed the history and founding of Motown. However, it didn’t explain key artists who emerged during the period. This article gives an overview on the beginnings and achievements of Motown artists. This highlights the lasting impact that the music has on today, and the cultural change that the Great Migration produced.

Hageman, William. "DuSable Gospel Exhibit Examines the Music's Worldwide Influence - Chicago Tribune." *Featured Articles From The Chicago Tribune*. 04 Jan. 2012. Web. 12 Dec. 2012.

<http://articles.chicagotribune.com/2012-01-04/entertainment/ct-ent-0105-museums-gospel-20120104_1_gospel-music-sallie-martin-gospel-history>

**How the Source Helped:** This source gave insight to another musical change that occurred during the Great Migration. With so much information on Motown, this article showed how the gospel revolution of music was sparked in Chicago, a city highly affected by the Great Migration.

**Information:** The article discussed how the first gospel singers emerged in Chicago during the Great Migration. Gospel was a new genre that resulted from the Great Migration. The article discusses how Dorsey laid the foundation for gospel music, which later influenced other artists.

"The Chicago Defender." *Illinois Periodicals Online at Northern Illinois University - (Main Page)*. Web. 12 Dec. 2012.

<http://www.lib.niu.edu/2001/ihy011217.html>

**Information:** The essay provided information on how influential the Chicago Defender was in the south. It explains that the newspaper was passed around from person to person, recited in many public places, and considered a vital part of the news cycle in the south. This was the largest African-American run newspaper, and sparked the Great Migration.

**How the Source Helped:** It explained the backstory the newspaper, and how articles shaped people’s lives. The essay explains that the newspaper greatly encouraged the migration, and in turn caused many people to move north.

"News Articles 2011 | Preserving Workforce Housing in Central Harlem." *AFL-CIO HIT*. Web. 12 Dec. 2012.

<http://www.aflcio-hit.com/wmspage.cfm?parm1=2284>

**Information:** This article explained how the New York City is making an effort to preserve a housing project in Harlem. This article explained the significance of the building, and how it was built as a response to the Great Migration.

**How the Sources Helped:** This article showed how housing projects today are still affected by the Great Migration. It also shows how the housing projects are still around and recognized today.

"Great Migration." *Fasttrack Teaching Materials - Home Page*. Web. 12 Dec. 2012. <http://www.fasttrackteaching.com/burns/Unit_8_1920s/U8_Great_Migration.html>

**Information:** The site mostly featured pictures of housing projects in the Great Migration. The pictures brought the history together, and showed the impact of the people on the cities. The pictures also show how poor the quality of housing the people were forced to live in and the amount of trash accumulated with so many people condensed in one area.

**How the Sources Helped:** The site provided excellent pictures to use on the website illustrate the impact of the Great Migration.

"Cities in Black History — FactMonster.com." *Fact Monster: Online Almanac, Dictionary, Encyclopedia, and Homework Help — FactMonster.com*. Web. 12 Dec. 2012. <http://www.factmonster.com/spot/bhmcities1.html>

**Information:** The site featured information on ten key cities that were affected by the Great Migration. It gave insight on cities beside New York, Chicago, and Detroit. The site summarized the major changes in the cities, and what influence the cities had on the rest of the country as a result of the Great Migration. It also showed the relevance of the cities today, and how the Great Migration impacted the city to this day.

**How the Sources Helped:** The source gave information on cities that have yet to be discussed. Most articles feature Detroit, New York City, and Chicago. This site featured information on Boston and Los Angeles.

*AAME:* Web. 02 Dec. 2012.

<http://www.inmotionaame.org/print.cfm?migration=8>

**Information**: The site included an overview of the Great Migration featuring information on why southerners left he south, how they traveled, to what cities they traveled to, information on the Chicago Defender, challenges and industries in the north, and legacies that resulted from the migration.

**How this Source Helped:** This site provided a lot of information on why and how the southerners left, and gave an overview of the industries in the north. The site was straightforward and provided a lot of useful background on the migration.

"Black Americans in Congress - The Negroes’ Temporary Farewell." *Black Americans in Congress - Home*. Web. 09 Jan. 2012.

<http://baic.house.gov/historical-essays/essay.html?intID=5>

**Information:** This site explained the effects of the World War I on the great migration. It highlighted the economic and political reason for moving to the north. Also, the site gave an overview of what the Great Migration did culturally.

**How this Source Helped:** This source gave an overview on how influential the migration was culturally. Also, this was the first site that highlighted the importance of World War I on the Great Migration, and the job creations in the north.

"Detroit and the Great Migration." Detroit and the Great Migration. Web. 13 Jan. 2013.

<http://bentley.umich.edu/research/publications/migration/ch1.php>

**Information**: The site highlighted the economy of Detroit, the job opportunities in the auto industry, and white prejudice on the residents of Detroit. The site talked about housing projects and statistics of people moving into Detroit and other northern cities.

**How this Source Helped:** The site specifically highlighted the effects of the Great Migration on Detroit, and how prosperous the city was.

"Great Migration — History.com Articles, Video, Pictures and Facts." *History.com — History Made Every Day — American & World History*. Web. 09 Jan. 2012. <http://www.history.com/topics/great-migration>

**Information:**  A brief overview of the migration and a video on the Harlem Renaissance. The video highlighted key aspects of the Renaissance.

**How this Source Helped:** The video on the Harlem Renaissance could be used onto the website, and highlighted the key names and places during the Renaissance.

"The Great Migration - TIME." *Breaking News, Analysis, Politics, Blogs, News Photos, Video, Tech Reviews - TIME.com*. Web. 09 Jan. 2012.

[http://www.time.com/time/magazine/article/0,9171,979744,00.html](http://www.time.com/time/magazine/article/0%2C9171%2C979744%2C00.html)

**Information:** More general information on the migration. The article noted how the migration is not highlighted historically, is because World War I was occurring during the time.

**How this Source Helped:** The site summarized a great deal of information in a condensed article, helping me pick out the key points to include in the website.

"Harlem." *Fountain*. Web. 09 Jan. 2012.

<http://www.fontillas.com/dmign.htm>

**Information:** The site gave an overview of the great migration. It highlighted how factories urged southerners to come north, the effects on housing projects, injustices in both the north and south, and what black neighborhoods were like.

**How this Source Helped:** The articles gave more information on the migration, and were in depth on the influence factories and newspapers had on the Great Migration.

Wilkerson, Isabel. *The Warmth of Other Suns: The Epic Story of America's Great Migration*. New York, NY: Random House, 2010. Print.

**Information**: The book provided quotes, background information, and true accounts of what happened during the migration.

**How This Source Helped:** All quotes from the website were taken from this book, and it also gave me background information and stories on what life was like.

**Primary Sources**

"Archival Collections - Chicago Public Library." *Home - Chicago Public Library*. Web. 02 Dec. 2012.

<http://www.chipublib.org/cplbooksmovies/cplarchive/archivalcoll/index.php>

**Information:** The site provided actual articles from “The Great Defender”, a Chicago based newspaper that helped spark the Great Migration. The newspaper, the largest run by an African American, encouraged many African Americans to move north for job opportunities and escape of racial prejudice in the south.

**How the Sources Helped:** The source provided an insight to the paper. The articles were from the time period, and gave me a better understanding about the importance of the newspaper. Seeing first hand articles also provides possible pictures for the website.

""Sir I Will Thank You with All My Heart": Seven Letters from the Great Migration." *History Matters: The U.S. Survey Course on the Web*. Web. 09 Jan. 2012.

<http://historymatters.gmu.edu/d/5332/>

**Information:** Showed real letters sent to the Chicago Defender.

**How this Source Helped:** This was used to understand how important the papers were in connecting people from the north and south. It showed how newspapers provided a different purpose than the ones do now. Also, it showed the Chicago Defender’s role in the life of the average person.